[XXVIth YEAR.] THE [No. 1329.

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1771.

MADRID, *October* 22.

THE Motions made by our Troops appear to announce War as inevitable. They have actually formed Three Encampments; One in Andaluſia, another in Galicia, and a Third in the Province of Murcia.

Confines of POLAND, *Nov.* 6. A very rich Jew of Cracovia, having ſuddenly diſappeared, his Abſence cauſed the greateſt Uneaſineſs in his Family, who after the minuteſt Inquiries, found that he had entered into a Convent, where the Monks had cauſed him to come with a large Sum of Money, under Pretence of making a Bargain with him; in Conſequence of this Diſcovery, Searches were made in the Monaſtery, where the Body was found in the Sewer. This Affair makes a great Noiſe in the City, and a Proſecution is actually carrying on againſt them with the greateſt Ardour and Activity.

LONDON,

Nov. 17. By the Death of the late Duke of Argyle, and his Son the Marquis of Lorn's coming to the Title, his Ducheſs, from being Miſs Gunning, a private Lady, is, by Marriage, come to no leſs than 36 Peerages in Three Kingdoms, viz. Five Duchies, Six Marquiſſes, Six Counties, Two Viſcounties, and Nine Baronies, viz.

In France; Ducheſs of Chatel Herault.

In Scotland: Ducheſs of Hamilton, Douglaſs, Caddeſdale, Argyle, Kintyre, and Lorn. Counteſs of Arran, Angus, Lanark, Argyle, Campbell, Cowel. Baroneſs of Macanſhire, Polmont, Aberbrothick, Inverary, Mull, Morvern, and Tyre.

In England; Ducheſs of Brandon. Baroneſs of Dutton, and Sundridge.

The ſame may not poſſibly be met with in any other Kingdom, that is not a Sovereign Princeſs, or crowned Head.

Nov. 20. The following is a Copy of the Letter ſent by Mr. Serjeant Glynn to the Lord Mayor, and read at the laſt Court of Common Council:

"My Lord; Your Lordſhip will, I hope, excuſe the Liberty I take in deſiring your Lordſhip to communicate to the Common Council of the City, my moſt grateful acknowledgement of the Honour they have beſtowed on me in their Reſolution of the 12th of October.

"As I am conſcious of no other Motive than a Deſire to defend the conſtitutional Rights of my Fellow Subjects from Violation, I am happy in finding that my Conduct has met with a favourable Interpretation from them, and think my weak Endeavours moſt amply rewarded, by this honourable Teſtimony of the Confidence and Approbation of ſo reſpectable a Body. My Lord, I have the Honour to be your moſt obedient humble Servant,

JOHN GLYNN."

A Correſpondent ſays, "It is laughable, that the Recorder of the City of London had, on Thurſday, at the Court of Common Council, by virtue of his Office, the Mortification of reading to the whole Court Mr. Serjeant Glynn's Letter, thanking them for the Honour they had conferred on him, by chuſing him City Counſel in the room of himſelf."

The King's Order in Council, of the 26th Inſtant, in Saturday's Gazette, after expreſſing his Majeſty's Deſire to prevent all Obſtructions to Trade, enjoins, that all Ships and Veſſels already arrived, or that ſhall hereafter arrive from America or the Weſt-Indies, with Rags or Cotton Wool on board, the Produce of thoſe Places, be not laid under any Reſtraint whatſoever on Account of Quarantine.

Nov. 22. A Correſpondent, juſt arrived from Yorkſhire, informs us, that the rainy Weather in thoſe Parts for a Fortnight paſt is aſtoniſhing. No Corn can be ſowed in low Land; and moreover, dreadful Conſequences are apprehended by the Banks of the Rivers breaking, and Inundations all over the Flat, from Ferry-Bridge to the Humber. At Newark the Water is ſo high that all Carriages, Horſes, &c. have been boated a Mile or Two along the Road for a Week paſt. At Wansford, the Meadows and Fields are entirely under Water. The Country all around from Alconbury to Biggleſwade is like a Sea.

Nov. 24. A Correſpondent aſſerts, that the French and Spaniards have Eighty Ships of the Line, manned, and ready for ſailing Orders at a Moment's Notice; and if the Duke of Choiſeul's Propoſal had not been overruled in the laſt French Council at Verſailles, our Ports at Plymouth and Portſmouth would have had a joint naval Viſit from the Courts of Spain and France, One Day in this Week; and remarks what a delightful State of Security have our wiſe Miniſters brought us into, when we depend upon a negative Voice in the French Councils, not to have our Two Capital Ports deſtroyed, and all our Shipping in them!

Nov. 25. There are now ready for Sea (Men only excepted) 22 Ships of the Line, 14 at Spithead, and 8 at Portſmouth.

To the KING's moſt Excellent MAJESTY.

The humble Addreſs, Remonſtrance and Petition, of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons, of the City of London, in Common Council aſſembled.

WE the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commons of the City of London, in Common Council aſſembled, moſt humbly beg Leave to approach your Majeſty, and moſt dutifully to lay again at the Foot of the Throne our aggravated Grievances, and earneſt Supplications: Although, through Prevalence of evil Counſellors, our juſt Complaints have hitherto met with Repulſe and Reprimand, nevertheleſs we will not forego the laſt Conſolation of the unhappy, Hope that our Sufferings will at length find an End, from the innate Goodneſs of your Majeſty: The gracious Effects of which have, to our unſpeakable Grief, been intercepted from your injured People, by a fatal Conſpiracy of malevolent Influences around the Throne.

We therefore, again implore your Majeſty, in this ſad Criſis, with Hearts big with Sorrow, and warm with Affection, not to be induced by falſe Suggeſtions, contrary to the Benignity of your Royal Nature, to ſhut up your paternal Compaſſion and Juſtice againſt the Prayers of unhappy Subjects, claiming, as we now again preſume to do, with equal Humility and freeborn Plainneſs, our indiſputable Birthrights, Freedom of Election, and Right of petitioning.

We have ſeen the known Law of the Land, the ſure Guardian of Right, trodden down; and, by the Influence of daring Miniſters arbitrary Diſcretion, the Law of Tyrants ſet up to overthrow the Choice of Electors, and nominate to a Seat in Parliament, a Perſon not choſen by the People.

Your Majeſty's Throne is founded on the free Exerciſe of this great Right of Election; to preſerve it inviolate, is true Loyalty; to undermine and deſtroy it, is the moſt compendious Treaſon againſt the whole Conſtitution.

Deign then, Sir, amidſt the complicated Dangers which ſurround us, to reſtore Satisfaction and Harmony to your faithful Subjects, by removing from your Majeſty's Preſence all evil Counſellors, and by recurring to the recent Senſe of your People taken in Parliament.

By ſuch an Exertion alone of your own royal Wiſdom and Virtue, the various Wounds of the Conſtitution can be effectually healed; and by Repreſentatives freely choſen, and acting independently, the ſalutary Awe of Parliament cannot fail to ſecure to us that ſacred Bulwark of Engliſh Liberty, *the Trial by Jury*, againſt the dangerous Deſigns of thoſe, who have dared openly to attempt to mutilate its Powers, and deſtroy its Efficacy.

So will Diſſatisfaction, and natural Weakneſs, change at once into publick Confidence, Order, Strength, and Dignity; and this boaſted Conſtitution of England, ſo late the Envy of Nations, no longer held forth to the Deriſion of Europe, Electors not ſuffered to elect, Juries forbid to judge of the whole Matter in iſſue before them, and dutiful Petitioners, remonſtrating the moſt flagrant Grievances, branded by the Miniſters who oppreſs them, as ſeditious Infractors of that Conſtitution which we religiouſly revere, and, together with your Majeſty's ſacred Perſon, will unceaſingly defend, againſt all Enemies and Betrayers.

His MAJESTY's ANSWER.

"As I have ſeen no Reaſon to alter the Opinion "expreſſed in my Anſwer to your Addreſs upon this "Subject, I cannot comply with the Prayer of your "Petition."

CLUB NEWS.

Sir W——M M——D——H's SPEECH.

THERE is ſomething pleaſant in the Language, as well as in the Train of Reaſoning adopted by our Miniſters. They perſuade themſelves that their Meaſures will be cordially ſupported by the People, while the People are at Variance with them and their Meaſures. They expect that there will be no Conteſt but that of diſplaying a Superiority of Zeal in Support of the common Cauſe, forgetting that the Nation can never make a common Cauſe with thoſe, whom it has found to be common Enemies. It ſeems they are reſolved to be conſiſtent, and not to deviate on this Occaſion from the ſame prudential Maxims which have hitherto directed their Conduct, and rendered their Plan of Politics ſo ſucceſsful and ſatisfactory. The hearty Concurrence of the Kingdom they deem a juſt Reward for having violated its moſt eſſential Rights. Nor is this ſurpriſing in Men of their Principles and Talents. Their paſt Adminiſtration being only a Tranſcript of the Meaſures purſued by Charles the Firſt, why ſhould we wonder that they ſhould preſerve the ſame Character to the laſt, and complete the Tragedy? *Servetur ad imum qualis ab Incepto proceſſerit, et Abi cinſet.* Charles, while openly invading the Franchiſes of his People, had the Temerity to engage in a War. What was the Conſequence? The injured People would not fight, and thus brought Diſgrace and Ruin upon the Head of the deluded and devoted Monarch. Men will never diſcover Spirit or Valour, when they have no Confidence in their Leaders. Much more will this be the Caſe, when they dread greater Calamities from their Leaders, than from the very Enemies whom they oppoſe. Domeſtic Slavery is no leſs terrible than a foreign Yoke, even where that Yoke is certain. What then will it be, where a foreign Yoke is but barely poſſible? The Danger with which we are threatened by France and Spain, is diſtant and uncertain; but the Blow aimed by our Miniſters at the Vitals of Liberty, the moſt precious of all Poſſeſſions, is imminent and undoubted. Can it then be expected that Britons can fly forth, like Quixottes, in queſt of diſtant Enemies, while Foes more formidable, becauſe inſidious Friends, remain behind in Poſſeſſion of the City, of the Citadel, and every Palladium of the Conſtitution? Never believe it. They cannot exert their native Gallantry in Defence of that Liberty, which no longer exiſts. Being deprived of the Character of Citizens, they will not expoſe their Lives for a Maſter. Accuſtomed to fight for themſelves, they will beware of increaſing the Power of a Deſpot, and forging their own Chains.

Recollect the Fate of King John, abandoned by his Engliſh Subjects; becauſe they ſpurned at Oppreſſion, he loſt his tranſmarine Dominions, and laid the Foundation of all his future Misfortunes. Call to Mind the Cataſtrophe of Edward the Second. In this War with the Scotch, Fortune did not turn her Back upon him, till he had firſt provoked his Subjects to Deſertion. A People of generous and free Spirit, diſcover in ſuch Circumſtances leſs Valour than confirmed Slaves. Their Souls, diſtracted between Hope and Fear, are unmanned by the Anxiety of Suſpenſe. The Romans, oppreſſed by their Decemvirs, refuſed not only to fight but to conquer. They fled before thoſe foreign Enemies, who durſt not face them, when they had once quelled their domeſtic Foes. Such are the Effects produced by the Dread of loſing Liberty.

Of theſe Truths all our great Princes were ſo fully convinced, that before they embarked on the perilous Ocean of War, they ſaw all the Storms of civil Commotion laid, and internal Peace and Union reſtored to all their Dominions. Thus ſupported by the Love and united Strength of his Subjects, Edward the Firſt conquered Scotland. Thus ſupported Edward the Third victoriouſly traverſed France, and annexed Calais to the Crown of England. Thus ſupported, Henry the Fifth quartered the Lilly with the Roſe, and left the fair Poſſeſſion to his Son.

But why ſhould I expatiate farther on a Point ſo manifeſt in itſelf, that it hardly needs the Teſtimony of Hiſtory, which is ſo expreſs in its Behalf? Nothing but the perverſe Obſtinacy, and unenlightened Politics of our preſent Rulers, could ſtand in need of any Admonition on this Head. Had they not avowed it both in the Speech, and in the Addreſs, no ſober Man could have ſuſpected that they would count upon the Concurrence of the Nation, till our Deciſion of the Middleſex Election was reverſed. The Grievance is ſo enormous and intolerable, that none who deſerve not a Cell in Bedlam, can reaſonably hope for ſuch an Event. Of this Truth I have ſo ſtrong a Conviction, that, tho' I know what little Weight I have with the Miniſters, I cannot help conjuring them to take away this evil Thing, this ſtumbling Block, from among the People. If they will be deaf to the Voice of Reaſon, to the Call of Juſtice, and the Requeſt of the Nation, yet let them make this Sacrifice to their own Security, and to the Stability of the Throne. Though you ſhould have no Compaſſion on the preſent Age, nor ſhew any Regard to Poſterity, at leaſt conſult the Safety of your own Heads; and once in your Lives do an Act, which may prove your Attachment to that Maſter, and that Family, of whoſe Intereſts you pretend to be ſo tender."

Dec. 8. It is ſaid that a certain Preſident is far from being eaſy at his Situation; the preſent Oppoſition to him and his Meaſures fills him with Apprehenſions of a very alarming Nature and Quickens all his native Timidity.

Yeſterday the Augmentation of the Seamen was taken into Conſideration, when 7000 Men extra were voted, beſides the annual Number of 17,000.

It is now more than ever credited, that a certain C——f J——e will ſoon retire from all publick Buſineſs.

And it is ſaid the above expected Retirement is in Conſequence of a warm Attack he has lately met with from the Lords C——m and C——n.

We hear that Lord Weymouth has reſigned in good Humour, and will continue to ſupport Adminiſtration, unplaced and unpenſioned.

Yeſterday Lieut. Gen. Cornwallis ſet out to embark for his Government at Gibraltar.

The ſame Day, Col. Phillips, belonging to the Train of Artillery, ſet out for Minorca.

It is at length ſaid to be acknowledged by thoſe who muſt be ſuppoſed enabled to give the trueſt Information, that War is more than probable. We have then the worſt to expect that our Enemies can do againſt us.

The Firſt Preparative for Defence, to be adviſed by able and honeſt Counſellors, ſhould be Harmony at home and Agreement with our Colonies. Let all

Matters of Grievance, therefore, be immediately removed.

Dec. 11. The whole Army on the British Eſtabliſhment, we are aſſured, is to be augmented, except the Foot Guards, and General Conway's Regiment of Blues.

Dec. 13. Yeſterday ſeveral Officers of the Navy kiſſed his Majeſty's Hand at St. James's, on Account of their late Promotions.

At the Board of Admiralty held Yeſterday, ſeveral Ships were commiſſioned, and the Officers who attended received their Commiſſions.

It is confidently ſaid, that a popular Peer, and a great General, have declared, that they have certain Information, that the French are bent upon a War, as ſoon as ever they ſhall be in a Condition to commence Hoſtilities; and that their fixed Intention is to make England the Theatre of it, by carrying the Sword into the very Heart of the Kingdom. If theſe Aſſertions be true, it is hoped our Coaſts will be well watched.

A new Bill, for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion, in our Army, is now under Conſideration of a great Aſſembly.

On Tueſday no Members of the Houſe of Commons were ſuffered to be in the Houſe of Peers whilſt they were ſitting; the Door-Keepers not to go in but when called for.

Yeſterday Earl Percy, and ſeveral military Officers, ſet out for Ireland, to join their Regiments in that Kingdom.

A Letter from Plymouth, dated December 9, ſays, "Orders are received at this Yard for fitting out for Sea the following Men of War, viz. the Queen, Dublin, Burford, Kent, and Bienfaiſant, and another Ship of 80 or 90 Guns."

Advices are ſaid to have been received here on Tueſday, that 24 Ships of War, with a Number of Troops, &c. had ſailed from Spain for the Weſt-Indies.

Dec. 15. On Wedneſday laſt Sir E——d H——e, being called upon in the Lower Room, informed the Society, that our Navy is now in a much better Condition than it was in the Year 1755, when the late glorious War began; that we have at preſent 20 Ships of the Line, full manned, and fit for Action, and likewiſe 20 more in Commiſſion, who have got 3000 Seamen towards their Complement, and will ſoon be ready for Service; that (without interrupting the outward-bound Trade) we have actually 33,000 Seamen in pay, which is only 7000 wanting of the full Number voted by Parliament.

Wedneſday there was a grand Debate in the Lower Room of the Robinhood Society, upon the Land Tax. Mr. S——m——r moved to put it off 'till after Chriſtmas. —The M-n-ſtry, contrary to the previous Declarations, were determined to bring it on, and to increaſe it to Four Shillings in the Pound. L——d N——th altered his Tone about War; he ſaid, "a War was but too probable."—The French and Spaniards were making great Preparations upon all their Coaſts; and that the Money wanted this Year would be at leaſt 6 Millions, but perhaps it might be 9 Millions; he could not be certain. Sir E—— H——ke ſaid the Navy was in a very proper State, and that 18 Ships of the Line were ready for Sea. He was contradicted by the Admirals K-pp l and S-nd-s; who ſaid if 18 Ships were ready for Sea, it was unpardonable to leave Gibraltar and Jamaica wholly expoſed to the Enemy, and that the Garriſon of Gibraltar was lower now than in the peaceable Time of Sir Robert Walpole.—Many very ſevere Things were ſaid of the Miniſtry, and, in ſhort, they were attacked from all Sides of the Room. When the Queſtion was put, there appeared 212 for the Adjournment, and 199 againſt it.

The Debate in the other Room, the Day before, was very ſpirited. L——d C——n attacked L——d M——d. He ſaid his L——p's Paper, given to the Clerk the Day before (Monday laſt) be conſidered as a Challenge to himſelf; that his L——p had thrown down the Glove, and he was determined to take it up. He then propoſed to L——d M——d Three Queſtions, and demanded Anſwers to them. L——d M——d replied, it was again that he was taken by Surprize; and ſaid, that he would not anſwer Interrogatories. Lord C——n preſſed that a Day might be appointed, and ſaid, he was ready to meet the noble L——d upon his Ground of Law; and L——d M——d, after ſome Time, was brought to pledge himſelf to the Room, that the Matter ſhould be diſcuſſed.—The D—— of R——d then congratulated the Room upon the noble Lord's having pledged himſelf to the Point. This brought L——d M——d up again; he ſaid, he did not pledge himſelf to the Room, he only ſaid, that he ſhould hereafter give his Opinion.

The D—— of M——r then went on with his Motion, which had cauſed the Riot the Day before. He ſhewed the naked State of our Poſſeſſions abroad, and our defenceleſs State at home; and all this was owing, he ſaid, to the Incapacity and Puſillanimity of the K——'s M——s who were abhorred at home; and deſpiſed abroad.——L——d C——, in a fine Speech, confirmed this melancholy State of our Affairs; and added, that he had received Intelligence, of a Plan being formed to attack Gibraltar.

The Minority in the Lower Room were joined on Wedneſday Night by the L——ds H——y and G——le; the Two Mr. D—k-s; Meſſrs. H—w—d, V-n-tt-rt, L-th-l-r, C—greve, O-gh-y, S—ntw-ll, Sir J——n R——s, &c.

All the Officers ſtationed in the Weſt-India Iſlands, and on the Continent of America, are ordered to join their reſpective Regiments immediately.

Dec. 21. Orders, its ſaid, are iſſued for filling up the Regiments of Foot to their full Complement.

In a Speech of a Noble Lord publiſhed Yeſterday, is the following Aſſertion of a noble Duke in a great Aſſembly, viz. that he had Intelligence not to be doubted, that at this Moment, there are in the ſeveral Spaniſh Priſons not leſs than 3000 Britiſh Seamen (particularly at Cadiz on the Coaſt of Africa) who had been taken out of our Merchant Ships by Spaniſh Guarda Coſtas, and condemned to perpetual Slavery or Confinement.

Sir G——e S——e, upon a Complaint of there not being Men ſufficient to carry on the War, aſſured a reſpectable Aſſembly a few Days ſince, that he could raiſe immediately 4000 able Fellows on his own Eſtates, and the Parts adjacent to them in Scotland, and that he did not doubt, but 40,000 Soldiers might be inliſted in the Space of a few Weeks.

The Bill for the better ſupply of Mariners and Seamen, to ſerve in his Majeſty's Ships of War, and on board Merchant Ships, and other trading Veſſels, lies ready for the royal Aſſent.

When the Augmentation of the Army was under Conſideration in an auguſt Aſſembly, a patriotic Member propoſed (as the quickeſt Method to raiſe Recruits) that every Pariſh be obliged to furniſh One Man. There are 10,000 Pariſhes in Great Britain; ſo that by this Method 10,000 Recruits might be raiſed immediately, without diſtreſſing any Branch of Manufacture, or draining any particular Part of the Country.

The Augmentation, when compleated, for all the Regiments on the Britiſh Eſtabliſhment, we hear, will amount to about 21,000 Men.

At Spithead, 24 Ships of War.

An Engliſh Ship, name unknown, bound to America, is burnt off Margate.

Orders are given for putting the Royal William of 90 Guns, at Portſmouth, into Commiſſion.

INSTANCES OF SPANISH VANITY.

THE grave and phlegmatic Air of the Spaniard is taken by Strangers for Pride, but it is not ſo always. It muſt, however, be granted, that this Nation is remarkable for a certain Haughtineſs which may be attributed to the extent of its Conqueſts, to the grand Ideas it entertains of its Origin, and, perhaps, to the Majeſty of its Language. It is not only among People of Condition, that Spaniſh Pride is moſt apparent: A Tradeſman, and even one of the loweſt Claſs, a mean Beggar, retains, in the Midſt of Wretchedneſs, a Deportment and Tone of Confidence which ſeem to raiſe him above his Condition. Here may be remembered the Anſwer of the Beggar at Madrid, to a Paſſenger who reproached him with preferring Lazineſs to uſeful Labour:——"It is Money and not Advice that I aſk you for," ſaid the proud Beggar, turning his Back upon him with all the Gravity of a Caſtilian.

The French have endeavoured to ridicule the Spaniſh Gravity by this ſhort Story: A certain Cavalier, as noble as the King, as catholic as the Pope, and as poor as Job, arrived in the Night-Time at a Village in France where there was only one Inn. As it was paſt Midnight, he knocked for a long Time at the Door without being able to awake the Landlord; but at laſt made him riſe by louder and more frequent rapping. Who is there? Cried the Landlord from a Window—It is, ſays the Spaniard, Don Juan Pedro, Hernandez, Rodriguez de Villa-nova, Conde de Malafra, Cavalero de Santiago y d'Alcantara. The Landlord anſwered him immediately, ſhutting the Window: "Sir, I am very ſorrow; but we have not Chambers enough for lodging all thoſe Gentlemen."

It is uſual to ſee, at Rome, a great Multitude of Poor, from all Countries, to whom Soup is diſtributed at a certain Hour at the Gate of the Monaſteries. A Caſtilian newly arrived, and who was unacquainted of the Time of the Diſtribution, addreſſed himſelf to a French Eccleſiaſtic, to be informed of it. Spaniſh Vanity would not ſuffer him to aſk in plain Terms after the Houſe where the Soup was given.——This Way of Speaking ſeemed to him too mean; ſo that, after ſtudying a more elevated Way of expreſſing himſelf, he found none ſo ſuitable to the Occaſion, as aſking the Frenchman, Whether he had taken his Chocolate?—My Chocolate! anſwered the Eccleſiaſtic: And how would you have me pay for it? I live upon Alms, and I now wait till the Soup is diſtributed at the Franciſcan Convent.——You have not then been there yet? ſaid the Chriſtian.—No, replied the Frenchman; but now the Clock ſtrikes, I'll go there directly.——Pray conduct me thither, ſaid the vain-glorious Spaniard; you ſhall ſee Don Antonio Perez de Valcabro de Redia, de Montalva, de Vega, &c. give there, to Poſterity, an illuſtrious Specimen of his Humility.——Who are thoſe People? ſaid the Frenchman.——'Tis I, replied the Caſtilian.——If it be ſo, replied the Frenchman, ſay rather, an Example of a good Stomach.

KILKENNY, *Nov.* 7. Our Letters from the County of Tipperary inform us, that the White Boys have again made their Appearance in that County. On Wedneſday Night laſt, a Party of Miſcreants armed, ſuppoſed to amount to 300 or upwards, all mounted, went to the Houſe of James Fannin, in the Suburbs of Carrick on Suir, whom they took out of his Bed, and being an old infirm Man, they threw him acroſs an Horſe naked as he was, and carried him to the Fair-Green of that Town, whipping him all the Way; they then with Savage Cruelty threw him into the River ſeveral Times, and hauled him out immediately. After which they perambulated the whole Town, fired ſeveral Shots as they went; and brought the unhappy Man Four Miles from the Town, repeating their Barbarity all the Way, of which cruel Treatment he died the next Day. We hear that the only Reaſon alledged for this inhuman Murder is, that the Deceaſed had agreed to give 3d. per Tail for the Tythe-Potatoes of the Deer-Park of Carrick more than the Welders.

BOSTON, *January* 28.

Friday laſt Captain Hill arrived at Marblehead from Liſbon, which he left the 21ſt of December, and a Gentleman there in a Letter of the 19th, writes, "That Mr. Potter, (the Meſſenger from the Engliſh Court) left Madrid the 9th of Nov. and that they impatiently waited an Anſwer from Britain to their Overtures, which was expected by the 4th of December."——There was no Account of a War when the above Veſſel left Liſbon.

By a Schooner juſt arrived at Marblehead from Liſbon, we hear, that the Difference is made up between the Courts of Great-Britain and Spain, the latter agreeing to pay the former Six Millions of Dollars for their Expence in fitting out a Fleet, &c. to revenge the Inſult given by the Spaniards in taking Poſſeſſion of Falkland Iſlands. This News, however, gains but little Credit.

A Correſpondent has ſent us the following:—"An odd and ſad Accident lately happened to a Gentleman who has a conſiderable Poſt in the——This Gentleman had the Misfortune to fall deeply in Love with another Man's Wife—he was averſe to his Importunities for a long while—at length, tired of them—he informs the Huſband—he adviſes her to make an Appointment with the Gentleman—this ſhe does——The Wife is put out of the Way—the Huſband equipped in the Wife's Cap, &c. at the Time appointed goes to Bed, the Gentleman gets in at a Window, and ſoftly makes his Way into the Room where his ſuppoſed Miſtreſs lay—he undreſſes for Bed——where, behold, juſt as he was entering, *Madam* with the Cap on, gave a Whiſtle, when Three or Four ſturdy Rogues burſt out from a neighbouring Cloſet, ſeized my Gentleman, who met with an irreparable *Loſs*, and is now under the Care of ſkilful Surgeons."

NEW YORK, *February* 14.

A Letter from Charleſtown, South Carolina, dated the 24th of January, from a Perſon lately from Port au Prince, to his Friend in this City, adviſes, that at Port au Prince there was the greateſt Apprehenſion of War, a Frigate juſt arrived from France, reported that War was proclaimed both in France and Spain againſt England, where 40 Tenders were conſtantly employed in preſſing Men, that the Spaniards made Prize of all the Engliſh Veſſels they could take; and that in Conſequence of theſe Advices, they were uſing the utmoſt Diligence to repair the Fortifications, mounting Guns in the Forts, and were loading Veſſels, with Guns and other military Stores, to ſend to the outer Ports.

Captain Aſkey, from Euſtatia, informs, it was reported there, that Fourteen or Fifteen Sail of French or Spaniſh Veſſels, with Forces on board, were lying at Porto Rico, where they ſeemed to expect an Attack from the Engliſh, were preparing for Defence, and had taken Meaſures for evacuating the Town on the Approach of the Engliſh.

ANNAPOLIS, FEBRUARY 28.

We can aſſure the Publick, that notwithſtanding the late inclement Weather, his EXCEL. ENCY's Two younger Children have paſſed through the Small-Pox by Inoculation, under the Direction of Doctor *Shuttleworth*, which Diſorder they have had in the moſt favourable Manner, and are now perfectly well.

February 20, 1771.

To be ſold at publick Sale, at the Coffee-Houſe in Annapolis, on Saturday the 9th March *next, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon,*

THE Ship HORATIO, as ſhe now lies in the Dock, ſurthen about 200 Tons, with all her Tackle and Furniture, &c. An Inventory whereof may be ſeen at *James Dick* and *Stewart's* Store in *Annapolis*, or with *Patrick* and *John Hamilton*, in *Charles-Town*.——The Ship is ſtrong and well built, and not quite Two Years old.——Six Months Credit will be allowed to the Purchaſer, on giving Bond and Security if required, to

ANTHONY STEWART.

February 19, 1771.

To be SOLD *on reaſonable Terms,*

HIS Majeſty's Patent or Grant for 20,000 Acres of Land, in *Weſt Florida*. Any Perſon or Perſons inclinable to purchaſe may be informed of the Particulars, by enquiring of *Joſeph Ogden*, at the Sign of the croſs Keys, at the Corner of *Cheſnut* and *Third-Street, Philadelphia*. (3m)

TO BE SOLD,

A Compleat Houſe Wench, about 25 Years old, that underſtands baking, brewing, cooking, waſhing, ironing, and is a good Sempſtreſs. For further Particulars apply to the Printer. (3w)

MADE and SOLD by the Subſcriber in *Annapolis*, for ready Caſh, all Sizes of Anchors, from 1500 to 50wt. equal to any imported or made upon the Continent, Anchors 500 or upwards, at Six-pence per Pound, and ſmaller in Proportion. He likewiſe repairs broken Anchors at the moſt reaſonable Rate, and will give ready Money for old ones, or take them in Part of Pay. Thoſe Gentlemen who are pleaſed to favour him with their Orders may depend on being carefully and immediately ſerved, by their *Humble Servant*,

(tf) ISAAC HARRIS.

St. Mary's County, *February* 19, 1771.

WHEREAS my Wife *Anaſtatia*, hath left my Bed and Board; this is to deſire, that no Perſon or Perſons will truſt the ſaid *Anaſtatia* on my Account, for I am determined to pay none of her Debts, after the Date hereof.

GEORGE HOWARD.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Meſes Deaſon*, on *Captain John*, in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a dark bay Mare, about 13 Hands high, with a ridge Mane, bob Tail, One hind Foot white, branded on the near Buttock with a Fleur de Lis, and has been ſhod before, paces a little.

The Owner may have her again, on proving Property and paying Charges. (ws)

Prince-George's County, *Feb.* 24, 1771.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of *Baker Brooke*, late of *Charles* County, deceaſed, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment. And thoſe having Claims on the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring them in, legally proved, to

(w4) LEONARD BROOKE, Executor.

Publiſhed according to Act of Parliament.

THE great and learned Doctor *Sanxay*, of *London*, Firſt Phyſician to the Nobility and Gentry, his Medicines, conſiſting of a Box of alexipharmic Pills, a Bottle of imperial Golden Drops, and a Pot of ſpecific purging Electuary, which together radically cure, without Confinement, the Lues Venerea, in all Stages and Circumſtances whatever, the Leproſy, Scurvy, Gleets, and Weakneſſes of all Kinds, in the Reins and Loins.

Many Medicines, within this Century, have been made and offered the Publick on Sale, as Specifics for the Cure and Relief of Patients labouring under that loathſome Weight, the venereal Diſeaſe: Some Medicine, indeed, which poſſeſſed a very little inſignificant Portion of Efficacy in them, that ſcarcely would relieve, not able to cure the leaſt Complaint in the venereal Way, have been puſhed into the World, ornamented with a reſpectable Crowd of Atteſtations, * and others, † whoſe Direction Bills were decorated with all poſſible Flowers of Rhetoric and Language to inforce their Sale, are, with their boaſted Virtues, univerſally condemned, and in perpetual Oblivion, by Men of Senſe and Candour, for their Want of Power, Efficacy and Virtue. This Aſſertion is a well teſtified known Truth, and all Phyſicians upon Earth know it.

The Medicine, which is now generouſly laid before all impartial Judges, will be found exactly agreeable to the beſt improved and moſt refined Practice, not in this only, but in future Ages; and, on due Trial, will be confeſſed by the moſt able Phyſicians in *Europe* and *America*, to be completely poſſeſſed of every Power, Efficacy and Virtue (without Mercury) to ſubdue, expel the Poiſon, and effect a Cure in a very little Time, of every the worſt and moſt obſtinate Symptoms of the Lues Venerea; beſides the Scurvy, Leproſy, Gleets, and all Weakneſſes of the Reins and Loins whatever.

In private Practice for more than 30 Years paſt, no Medicine ever was adminiſtered with the ſame Succeſs; its Superiority over every other known Medicine will aſtoniſh the Phyſician who chooſes to make uſe of it in his Practice: An Alteration for the better will be greatly viſible in a few Days Uſe; and it is peculiar to the Operation of this Medicine, that at the ſame Time it eradicates the Diſeaſe, it acts as a powerful Reſtorative.

In Operation it is perfectly innocent, ſafe and mild; very ſoon will it raiſe the Patient to Health and Strength, and envigorate a decayed Conſtitution; ſo friendly to Nature is this grand Reſtorative, that every of thoſe Feelings which attack young Men from their Debaucheries, and Perſons who have lived regularly and advanced in Years, are removed, and the natural Powers of the vital Syſtem are preſerved, comforted and prolonged.

A full printed plain Direction is given with the Medicine, that any Perſon, in his own Houſe, or on a Journey, or at Sea, may cure himſelf, without the leaſt Inconveniency, or imparting the Secret to a Bed-Fellow.

*** This is the Firſt Medicine ever offered the Publick on Sale, that ſpeedily, ſafely and perfectly performs a Cure in all the Stages and Symptoms of the venereal Malady, Gleets, and all Weakneſſes in the Reins and Loins, &c. It is therefore hoped, the Gentlemen &c. who may become benefited from the exceeding great Power and Efficacy this Medicine is poſſeſſed of, will be a ſufficient Inducement to recommend it to their Friends and Acquaintances.

Sold by *Thomas Anderton*, Bookſeller, in *Market-Street*, oppoſite the lower End of the *Jerſey* Market, of whom neceſſary Advice, in all Caſes, may be had gratis, and Secrecy depended upon; Letters, Poſt paid, duly anſwered.

To be had of *William Dibley*, Poſt from *Annapolis* to *Philadelphia*. (3w)

Orders left with Mr. *Ball*, at the Sign of the white Horſe in *Annapolis*, will be duly executed.

* *Kerſley*'s Pills.
† *Walker*'s Jeſuits Drops, and *Ryan*'s Drops.

General Poſt-Office, *New-York*, *Jan.* 22, 1771.

HIS MAJESTY's Poſt-Maſter General, having (for the better facilitating of Correſpondence between *Great-Britain* and *America*) been pleaſed to add a Fifth Packet Boat to the Station betwen *Falmouth* and *New-York*: Notice is hereby given, that the Mail for the future will be cloſed at the Poſt-Office in *New-York*, at Twelve of the Clock at Night, on the Firſt Tueſday in every Month, and diſpatched by a Packet the next Day for *Falmouth*.

By Command of the D. Poſt-Maſter General,

(12) ALEXANDER COLDEN, Secretary.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be ſold at the PRINTING-OFFICE,

THE

LAWS paſſed at the Two laſt SESSIONS of ASSEMBLY.

February 20, 1771.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Subſcriber has empowered Mr. *Joſeph Howard*, junr. to adjuſt all Claims, either by Bond, Note, or open Account, for or againſt her deceaſed Huſband; for which Purpoſe Attendance will be given at the Sheriffs-Office, every Friday from the Date hereof, until the Whole are ſettled. Such Perſons as are indebted, are requeſted to make immediate Payment, and thoſe who have Claims, to bring them in legally proved to

MARY DORSEY, Adminiſtratrix of CALEB DORSEY, deceaſed.

FOR SALE,

A Genteel and known good Pair of bright bay half blooded Horſes, Seven Years old, between Fifteen and Sixteen Hands high. They are well broke, and without Fault. For Particulars enquire of the Printer. (1m)

WALTER OSBURN, Wheel-maker and Turner,

TAKES this Method to inform his Cuſtomers, that he is moved from *Annapolis* to *London-Town*, at the Sign of the Spining-Wheel and Doll at the Ferry, where he carries on all Sorts of Turning, and for the Convenience of his Cuſtomers in *Annapolis*, he will attend on Tueſday and Friday in every Week, at the Houſe of Mr. *William Slicer*, Cabinet-maker, where all Commands may be left. Thoſe Ladies and Gentlemen who pleaſe to favour him with their Cuſtom, may depend on having their Work well done, and on the ſhorteſt Notice.

N. B. He likewiſe makes Bench Screws of all Sorts. (6w)

February 10, 1771.

THE Subſcriber inoculates again at his Houſe on Friday the 22d Inſtant. He will alſo inoculate in any Gentleman's Family, on Notice given to him, any Time after *Port-Tobacco* Court, for 12 Piſtoles, if the Family doth not exceed 12 in Number; any above a Piſtole *per* Head for Whites, and 20 Shillings for Negroes. H. JERNINGHAM.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the Subſcriber, living near *Allen's Freſh*, in *Charles* County, on the 23d of *January* laſt, One white Mare, about 8 Years old, near 13 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock thus ⁚. has a large Scar on the Top of her Back, occaſioned by the Hurt of a Saddle. Alſo, a dark Iron gray Colt, about 2 Years old, hath a Star in his Forehead, and branded on the near Buttock thus B about 13 Hands and 1 Inch high, a natural Pacer.

Whoever will bring the aforeſaid Mare and Colt to the Subſcriber, ſhall have 40 Shillings Reward, paid by (w4) BASIL PAIN.

Annapolis, *January* 30, 1771.

RAWLINGS and BARNES, Plaſterers and Stucco-workers, late from *London*,

TAKE this Method of informing the Gentlemen, that they intend carrying on with Care and Diligence the ſaid Buſineſs. Thoſe Gentlemen who pleaſe to favour them with their Commands, may depend on their Work being done as neat as in *London*. *By their humble Servants*,

JOHN RAWLINGS, & JAMES BARNES.

N. B. Gentlemen may be waited on with Deſigns for Cielings and Cornices on the ſhorteſt Notice, by directing for the above, at Mr. *Charles Bryan*'s, Shoe-maker in *Annapolis*. (w4)

Patowmack, *Charles* County, *February* 7, 1771.

WANTED,

A Woman that is qualified for managing Houſhold Affairs, and bringing up Girls, in a genteel Way, ſuch a one (being well recommended) will meet with the beſt Encouragement, by applying to the Subſcriber, living about Eight Miles below *Piſcataway*. THOMAS HANSON MARSHALL.

On the 4*th Day of* March *next will be expoſed to publick Sale to the higheſt Bidder, at* Nottingham, *in* Prince George's *County*,

A Tract of Land, called *Rencher's Adventure*, lying in the County aforeſaid, heretofore mortgaged by *Thomas Hodgkin*, deceaſed, to *Bartholomew Pomeroy*, for 1000 Acres more or leſs, and now ſubject to the equitable Right of Redemption, of the Heir at Law, of the ſaid *Thomas Hodgkin*, deceaſed, by FRANK LEEKE, Attorney in Fact, (18) *for Bartholomew Pomeroy*.

TO THE PUBLICK.

ANY Perſon wanting to engage a Quantity of good common Bricks, Water Table and Stock Bricks, or Hearth Tiles, for the enſuing Seaſon, may apply to the Subſcriber, at Mr. *James Maccubbin*'s Plantation near *Annapolis*, who has been Foreman for ſeveral Years at the Brick-making Buſineſs at *Philadelphia*, and will engage them as good as any made in the Province. Or any Perſon applying to Mr. *William Coſſin*, Merchant in *Annapolis*, oppoſite *Robert Conde*'s, Eſq; will be equally the ſame.

(w3) MICHAEL KRIPS.

N. B. Said *Coſſin* hath for Sale at his Store, *Weſt-India* Rum, and *Muſcovado* Sugar by the Hogſhead, Barrel, or ſmaller Quantity. Alſo Loaf Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Chocolate, Muſtard, Ginger, Soap, dipped and Mould Candles, Spermaceti Candles, Cotton, Wool, Whalebone for Stay-makers, choice old *Madeira* Wine, by the Pipe, Gallon, or Quart, Men's Shoes, &c. &c.

Charles County, *Feb.* 9, 1771.

THE Subſcriber's ill State of Health rendering him frequently incapable of taking Care of his Effects, which of Courſe muſt be waſting, being deſirous to pay and ſettle with his Creditors, requeſts them to attend in Perſon, or appoint Deputies with each of their Claims, at the Houſe of Mr. *Taylor*, *Port-Tobacco*, at *Piles* Freſh, on Wedneſday the 20th of this Inſtant; at which Time he will give up all his real and perſonal Eſtate to ſuch Truſtees as his Creditors and himſelf ſhall chuſe, to be ſold to diſcharge the Claims that may juſtly come againſt him.

(w3) ROBERT HORNER.

RAN away about the 15th of *December* laſt, from *Fort-Frederick* Furnace, a Country born Negro Man named JACOB, about 25 Years of Age, 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, a likely lively Fellow, not very black, has very white Teeth, which ſtand rather wide than cloſe to each other, is well acquainted with the Neighbourhood of *Annapolis*, pretty quick ſpoken, and has formerly had a ſcald Head: His Cloathing is uncertain; tho' 'tis likely he had a Fearnought ſhort Coat or upper Jacket, a Cotton Jacket and Breeches, Oſnabrig Shirt, Common Country made Negro Shoes, and mill'd Yarn Stockings. He took with him an old very brown or rather black Draft Horſe, about 14 and an Half Hands high, ſtout made, broad round Buttocks, ſwitch Tail, and probably then, as uſual, ſhod all round.

Whoever will deliver the Negro at the Works, or *Annapolis*, ſhall have, if taken in the Province FIFTY SHILLINGS, and if out of the Province FIVE POUNDS *Pennſylvania* Currency, or if out of the Province and ſecured in any Jail and Notice given, FIFTY SHILLINGS, and for the Horſe TWENTY if delivered at the Works, or *Annapolis*.

If any Body has ſeen the Negro or Horſe, Notice of it would be thankfully acknowledged, as it is unknown what Road the Fellow has taken.

JACQUES & JOHNSON.

January 20, 1771.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living in *Charles* County, on the 2d of *November* laſt, a Mulatto Man Slave, who calls himſelf *Stephen Butler*, and ſays he is a Relation of *Will* and *Moll Butler*, who were cleared at the Provincial Court; he ſays he will not ſerve, nor has any Mulatto a Right; and he has played ſeveral Villainous Tricks both before and ſince he ran away: He is about 40 Years of Age, 6 Feet 2 Inches high, thin viſaged, and has a ſmall Scar on his right Cheek; he plays on the Fiddle, and is a Wheelwright, Sawyer, right Cooper, and Houſe Carpenter by Trade: Had on, when he went away, a gray Jacket, with a blue Duffel one over it.

Whoever will bring him to his Maſter, ſhall have, if taken in the County, Five Dollars, if out of the County Eight, and if out of the Province Twenty, paid by

(w4) LEONARD BOARMAN.

THE Conſtables of the ſeveral Hundreds in *Anne-Arundel* County, are ordered to attend the County Court the Second Wedneſday in *March*, *Auguſt*, and *November*.

Signed per Order,

JOHN BRICE, Clerk.

St. Mary's County, *Dec.* 5, 1770.

On the 20*th Day of* February *next enſuing, will be* SOLD, *at Publick Vendue, on the Premiſes*,

ALL the Real Eſtate of *Richard Heard*, late of the ſaid County, deceaſed, agreeable to an Act of Aſſembly, in that Caſe provided, for the Payment of the Debts of the ſaid *Richard Heard*, that is to ſay, One Tract called *Thompſon's Purchaſe*, formerly called *Mary Taylor's* Plantation, lying in the ſaid County, containing 180 Acres; one other Tract or Parcel of Land in the ſame County, being Part of the Croſs Manor, containing 100 Acres. Alſo One other Tract or Parcel of Land, called Croſs-Manor, lying in the County aforeſaid, containing Three Acres. Alſo Part of a Tract of Land, now called *Heard's* Lot, formerly called the *Croſs*, lying in the ſaid County, containing one Acre; a Copy of the Act of Aſſembly for the Sale of the above Lands, properly authenticated, will be ſhown by the Subſcriber at the Time of Sale, (or before) if required, for the Information and Satisfaction of any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe.

(w10) JOHN HEARD.

January 29, 1771.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living at *John Fading*'s, in *Anne-Arundel* County, a Negro Woman, named Kate, who formerly lived with me, when I lived with *Thomas Sparrow*, Carpenter, in *Prince George's* County, near to Mr. *Chunn's Hills* Plantation: Had on, and took with her, a Cotton Jacket and Petticoat, Oſnabrig Shift, blue Yarn Stockings, Two odd Shoes, and a Negro Child about Three Months old.

Whoever brings her to the Subſcriber, or ſecures her ſo as ſhe may be had again, ſhall receive a Reward of Fifty Shillings, beſides what the Law allows. I likewiſe forewarn all Perſons whatever from entertaining of her at their Peril. *Thomas Sparrow* Carpenter claims a Right to her. I likewiſe forewarn all Perſons to purchaſe her or her Child from the ſaid *Sparrow*, or any one elſe, for he has not the leaſt Property or Right to her.

(w3) CHERITY SELMAN.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Adam Crawford*, living in *Prince-George's* County, taken up as a ſtray, a chetnut Mare, about 12 Hands high, 5 or 6 Years old, branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock with an O paces, trots, and gallops.

The Owner may have her again, proving Property and paying Charges. (w3)

January 3, 1771.

THE Copartnerſhip of *James Chriſtie*, junr. and *John Boyd* of *Joppa*, *Baltimore* County, having expired and been diſſolved on the Firſt Inſtant, and the Subſcriber and his Agents being ſolely and fully empowered to ſettle and finiſh the Buſineſs of that Concern. It is requeſted of thoſe who have Claims againſt it, to bring them in, that they may be adjuſted and paid, and thoſe who are indebted to that Copartnerſhip are deſired ſpeedily to pay off their reſpective Balances, or at leaſt to give Bond, with Security, if deſired, for them; either to Mr. *Thomas Miller* at *Joppa*, or at *Baltimore-Town*, to

(w6) JAMES CHRISTIE, junr.

Dorcheſter County, *January* 14, 1771.

RAN away from the Subſcribers, a Servant Man, named *William Henry Bawden*, he is a ſlim made Man, about 24 Years of Age, and has followed the Occupation of a School-Maſter: Had on, when he went away, a blue Coat, Country made Jacket, with Lappels, Snuff coloured Velvet Breeches, and wears his own Hair, which is black and ſtraight: It is ſuppoſed he took a ſmall bay Mare away with him, the Mare has Two white Feet, and her Mane hangs on the riſing Side; there was a good Saddle on the Mare, and a Pair of blue Houſing Bands, with Leather and Surcingle to the Saddle.

Whoever takes up the Man and Mare, and ſecures them, ſo as the Owners ſhall get them again, ſhall have Five Pounds paid them, if taken out of the County, and if taken in the County, Satisfaction for their Trouble, paid by the Subſcribers

WINLOCK RUPUM,
(w6) JEREMIAH CARTER.

N. B. The above Servant was born in *England*, he is a great Talker, and loves gaming.

July 20, 1770.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living near *Frederick-Town*, *Frederick* County, *Maryland*, on *Monockaſay*, an indented Servant Man, paſſing for an *Engliſhman*, named ADAM STANTON, a ſhort thick Fellow, about 5 Feet 3 Inches high, of a very dark Complexion, ſo that ſome People think he is a Mulatto, a Brick-maker by Trade, wears a Cap and his Head ſhaved, aged about 50 Years, a little pitted with the Small-Pox: Had on, and took with him, one old light coloured Cloth or German Serge Coat, one Jacket of a Kind of Cloth, partly of the ſame colour, double breaſted, Two Pair of Oſnabrig Trouſers, Two Oſnabrig Shirts, and one Pair of old Shoes.

Whoever takes up the ſaid Servant, and ſecures him, ſo that the Subſcriber may get him again, ſhall have Three Pounds Reward, and reaſonable Charges if brought home, paid by

(8w) WILLIAM HARBETT.

*** The ſaid Servant has a Wife which is ſuppoſed is gone with him, ſhe is Tall and ſlender, and commonly wears, a green Stuff Gown, with red and white Flowers, by Trade a Breeches-maker and Tailoriſt.

January 16, 1771.

To be SOLD at PUBLICK SALE, on Thurſday the 21ſt Day of March *next, at the Houſe of Mr.* Samuel Swearingham, *in* Frederick-Town, Frederick *County, for ready Money, or good* London *Bills of Exchange,*

PART of a Tract of Land, lying in *Frederick* County, ſituated on *Little Monockoſey*, called *The Addition to Happy Choice*, containing 834 Acres, it being Part of the real Eſtate of Mr. *Jacob Sprigg*, late of *Prince George's* County, deceaſed; and which by his laſt Will and Teſtament was ordered to be ſold, for certain Purpoſes in the ſaid Will mentioned. The Land will be ſold in Parcels, or the whole together, as it may appear beſt for the Advantage of the Eſtate.

W. T. WOOTTON, Executor.

N. B. All Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of the ſaid Mr. *Jacob Sprigg*, are deſired to make immediate Payment; and thoſe who have juſt Claims againſt ſaid Eſtate, are requeſted to let me know them on or before the Day of Sale, that they may be ſettled.

(ts) W. T. WOOTTON

Baltimore-Town, *February* 1, 1771.

DAVID STEWART has for Sale, *Jamaica* Spirit, *Weſt-India* Rum, Muſcovado, Loaf, and Lump Sugars, Tea, Coffee, Chocolate, Molaſſes, Cotton, &c. All which he will diſpoſe of on the moſt reaſonable Terms for Caſh, or Country Produce, and thoſe who favour him with their Cuſtom, may depend on having any of the above Articles on better Terms than they can bring them from *Philadelphia*. (w4)

N. B. Said Stewart is a conſtant Purchaſer of Wheat, Flour, *Indian* Corn, Bees Wax, Lumber, &c. For all which he gives the higheſt Prices.

December 10, 1770.

To be ſold by publick Vendue, on Wedneſday the Second Day of March *Court next, (if not ſold before by private Sale) at the Houſe of* Arthur Charlton, in *Frederick-Town*,

PART of a Tract of Land ſituate in *Frederick* County, and adjacent to *Chaplin's Town*, called Addition to *Pile's Delight*, containing One Thouſand Acres. It will be ſet up either together or in Lots, as may beſt ſuit the Purchaſers. For Title and Terms of Sale apply to the Subſcriber, or to Mr. JOSHUA GRIFFITH, at *Elk-Ridge* Landing.

(ts) FREDERICK SPRIGG.

N. B. Mr. JOSEPH CHAPLIN will ſhew the Land if called on.

January 15, 1771.

BROKE out of *Cæcil* County Jail, a Man who was committed by the Name of *William Johnſon*, and the Time of his Commitment was advertiſed in the laſt *Maryland* Gazette, ſince which he has owned his Name to be *Samuel Dale*, and ſaid he was a Servant to Mr. *Mark Alexander*, of *Baltimore-Town*. —The ſame Day was committed to my Cuſtody, a Man who calls himſelf *Philip Laughley*, about 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, black Hair, Beard, and Eyes: Has on, a white Woollen Jacket, white Woollen Trouſers, much darned with blue Yarn, good Shoes and Stockings; has in One Shoe, a white Metal carved Buckle, the other tied with a String.

Whoever apprehends the Perſon that made his Eſcape, or ſecures him ſo that I may get him again, ſhall have a Reward of Thirty Shillings and reaſonable Charges, and the Maſter (if any) of *Philip Laughley*, is deſired to come, pay Charges, and take him away.

(tf) RICHARD THOMAS, Sheriff.

Annapolis, *January* 2, 1771.

THE Subſcriber intending to *London* in *March* next, earneſtly requeſts thoſe who are indebted to him, to call and diſcharge their Balances by the firſt Day of *March* next; thoſe whoſe Accounts are of but ſhort Standing, will be pleaſed to ſettle, as I much wiſh and intend to ſettle every Account before I go.

I have ſtill left on Hand about £.300 Firſt Coſt of Goods, which I will ſell at a very low Advance for Current Money, Bills of Exchange, or on ſhort Credit. (tf.) JOSHUA JOHNSON.

Maryland, *September* 10, 1770.

TO BE SOLD,

ONE undivided third Part of the *Northampton* Iron Furnace, together with the Stock in Partnerſhip thereto belonging, Conſiſting of Lands, Servants, Teams, *&c. &c.* The ſaid Furnace, Caſting-Houſe, Bridge and Wheel Houſes are all built of Stone, in the neateſt Manner, and on a never failing Stream of Water, Eleven Miles diſtance from *Baltimore-Town*, *Baltimore* County, in the Province of *Marylana*, and on the beſt Road leading to ſaid Town. The Lands are well wooded, and abound in Iron Ore, which is very convenient to ſaid Furnace, and is of the beſt and richeſt Qualities, and yields ſuch plenty that I believe no Furnace on the Continent makes more Metal while in blaſt. On the ſaid Land all round the Furnace, is alſo a plenty of Lime-Stone, which is made Uſe of for Flux, the Furnace is now heating, and will be in blaſt in a few Days; there is already provided and at the Furnace, a very fine Stock of Ore and Coals, and growing upon the Lands, as much *Indian* Corn as I ſuppoſe may ſupply the Furnace for Twelve Months. At the ſaid Furnace is a good Coal-Houſe, and all other convenient Houſes in good Repair. The Purchaſer ſhall be put into Poſſeſſion immediately, and ſuch Time given for Payment of the Purchaſe Money, that may make it very eaſy to the Purchaſer, his giving Bond upon Intereſt, with Security if required. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, will be pleaſed to apply to the Subſcriber near *Baltimore-Town*, in ſaid Province.

(tf) JOHN RIDGELY.

THE Subſcriber intending to leave this Province in a ſhort Time, all Perſons who have juſt Claims againſt him are deſired to bring them in, and thoſe indebted are requeſted to make immediate Payment.

WILLIAM NEVIN.

The Power and Efficacy of Medicines, demonſtrated in the following Caſes.

FEVER and Ague and dumb Ague, annihilated.

Tooth Ache, from whatever Cauſe, in its utmoſt Fury, Rage, and Madneſs, cured in a few Minutes; old Stumps of Teeth made fit for Maſtication and Ornament; the whole preſerved to extreme old Age; Scurvy in the Gums cured; old Aches and rheumatic Pains eaſed. All Kinds of Worms, and their Eggs, in the Bodies of Men, Women, and Children, are utterly thrown out and deſtroyed.

Piles conquered, and the Patients raiſed to a State of Health and Delight, by the following Original, fully experienced and ſpecific Medicines; which are ſold by THOMAS ANDERTON, Bookſeller, at his Store, called by Name, the London Book-Store, oppoſite the lower End of the *Jerſey* Market *Philadelphia*.

1. The celebrated Doctor *Tiſſot's* Tincture, effectually cures the Ague and Fever, and dumb Ague, by taking Three Doſes only; without the leaſt Pain or Sickneſs.

2. Doctor STORK's Tincture, is infallible in the Cure of the Tooth Ache; preſerving the Teeth and old Stumps of Teeth; fit them for Maſtication and Ornament of Speech; Scurvy in the Gums cured, *&c.*

3 Baron VAN SWIETEN's univerſal, never failing, Worm deſtroying Sugar Plum! A Boy of Mr. *Frederick Deates*, in Water-Street, *Philadelphia*, cured of the Worms by the Uſe of this Medicine, One of which meaſured 27 Inches long.

4. PRO BONO PUBLICO, A Medicine particularly adapted to and calculated from many Years Experience and Practice, for the Cure of thoſe who are afflicted with the Hæmorrhoids or Piles.

5. The *Pruſſian* Ladies Patent Balſam, which compleatly clears the Skin of Sunburns, Freckle, Morphew, Tetters, Pimples, Grubs, and every Deformity of the Skin whatever: It gives to the Skin a delicate Smoothneſs; an exquiſite fine, lively, clear Colour, and in Fact renders external Beauty, an Object of Admiration.

6. An excellent Eye Water for ſore and inflamed Eyes.

7. Ointment for the Itch.

To be had of *William Dibly*, Poſt from *Annapolis* to *Philadelphia*. (6w)

Orders left with Mr. *Ball*, at the Sign of the white Horſe in *Annapolis*, will be duly executed.

Juſt publiſhed, and is now ready to be delivered to the Subſcribers, and to all who now chuſe to become Subſcribers for the other Two Volumes, the Firſt Volume, (ſewed in blue Boards, Price One Dollar) *of the following celebrated Work—praiſed—quoted—and recommended in the* Britiſh *Houſe of Lords, by the moſt illuminated and illuminating of all modern Patriots*, WILLIAM PITT, *now Earl of* Chatham,

THE HISTORY of the REIGN of CHARLES the Fifth, Emperor of *Germany*; and of all the Kingdoms and States in *Europe*, during his Age. To which is prefixed, A View of the Progreſs of Society in *Europe*, from the Subverſion of the *Roman* Empire to the Beginning of the Sixteenth Century. Confirmed by hiſtorical Proofs and Illuſtrations.

In THREE VOLUMES.

By WILLIAM ROBERTSON, D. D Principal of the Univerſity of *Edinburgh*, and Hiſtoriographer to his Majeſty for *Scotland*: Author of the late elegant Hiſtory of *Scotland*.

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The Second and Third Volumes of this celebrated Work will be delivered as expeditiouſly as poſſible to the Subſcribers, at the Stores of Mr. *Williams* in *Annapolis*, and at Mr. *James M'Bell's* in *Baltimore* Town.

N. B. Mr. *William Dick*, well recommended from *Philadelphia*, has now opened a Grammar School in *Gay-Street*, *Baltimore* Town, where thoſe Gentlemens Children, whoſe Tuition he may be favoured with, ſhall be carefully and accurately inſtructed, both in the *Engliſh* and *Latin* Claſſics, Arithmetick, *&c.*

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